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ACCESSION NR: AP4043732 8/0021/64/000/008/1070/1072 16

AUTHOR: Kuz'ma Yu. B.; Skolozdra, R. V.; Markiv, V. Ya. 8

TITLE: Crystal structure of RPb sub 3 compounds in rare earth metal-lead systems

SOURCE: AN UkrRSR. Dopovidi, no. 8, 1964, 1070-1072

TOPIC TAGS: rare earth metal, rare earth alloy, lead alloy, x-ray diffraction spectrum

ABSTRACT: When alloys of the rare earth metals Y, Eu, Gd, Tb, Dj, Ho, Er, Tu, Yb, and Lu with Pb were studied roentgenographically, it was found that all the alloys except $LuPb_3$ exist in equilibrium with Pb and belong to the AuCu3 class. The absence of superstructural lines ($H^2 + k^2 + 1^2 = 1$, 2, 5, 6, etc.) could also suggest a Cu-type structure, but the AuCu3 type seems more probable. The lattice constants of the RPb3 compounds were found to decrease with increasing atomic number of the rare earth. The relatively high constants for EuPb3 and YbPb3 were due to the peculiar structure of their electron shells, and their bivalent nature. Orig. art. has: 2 tables and 1 figure.

ASSOCIATION: L'vive'kyy derzhavnyy universytet (L'vov State University)

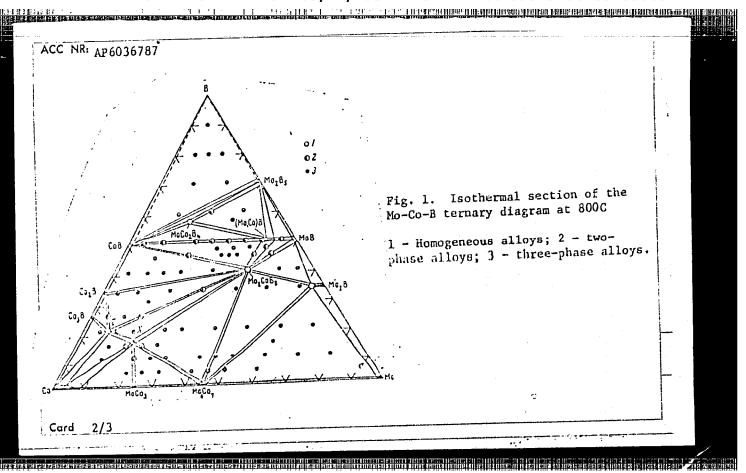
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ACC NR: AP6036787 (N) SOURCE CODE: UR705037007	
ACC NR: AP6036787 (N)	
AUTHOR: Kuz'ma, YD. B.; Nych, O. V.; Skolozdra, R. V.	
Authorite (L'voyskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet im. 1	
AUTHOR: Kuz'ma, YD. B.; Nych, O. V.; Skoloddra, universitet im. Iv. Franko) ORG: L'vov State Univeristy (L'vovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet im. Iv. Franko)	
TITLE: Molybdenum-cobalt-boron system SOURCE: AN SSSR. Izvestiya. Neorganicheskiye materialy, v. 2, no. 11, 1966, 1975-1979	
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SOURCE: AN SSSR. Izvestiya. Meorgan	
SOURCE: AN SSSR. Izvestiya. Neorganicheskiyo TOPIC TAGS: molybdenum cobalt boron system, molybdenum cobalt alloy, boron containing TOPIC TAGS: molybdenum cobalt boron system, molybdenum cobalt alloy, boron containing	
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ABSTRACT: Experiments have been made to do-Co-B ternary compounds. A series of the Mo-Co-B ternary compounds. A series of the Mo-Co-B ternary compounds. A series of B system and the crystal structure of the Mo-Co-B ternary compounds. A series of B system and the crystal structure of the Mo-Co-B ternary compounds. A series of the resulting and vacuum and the crystal structure of the Mo-Co-B alloys were prepared from component powders by cold compacting and vacuum and Mo-Co-B alloys were prepared from component powders by cold compacting and vacuum and Mo-Co-B alloys were prepared from component powders by cold compacting and vacuum and Mo-Co-B alloys were prepared from component powders by cold compacting and vacuum and Mo-Co-B alloys were prepared from component powders by cold compacting and vacuum and Mo-Co-B alloys were prepared from component powders by cold compacting and vacuum and Mo-Co-B alloys were prepared from component powders by cold compacting and vacuum and Mo-Co-B alloys were prepared from component powders by cold compacting and vacuum and Mo-Co-B alloys containing more than 50 at% B were then remelted in a mo-Co-B alloys containing more than 50 at% B were then remelted in a mo-Co-B alloys containing more than 50 at% B were then remelted in a mo-Co-B alloys containing more than 50 at% B were then remelted in a mo-Co-B alloys containing more than 50 at% B were then remelted in a mo-Co-B alloys containing more than 50 at% B were then remelted in a mo-Co-B alloys containing more than 50 at% B were then remelted in a mo-Co-B alloys containing more than 50 at% B were then remelted in a mo-Co-B alloys containing more than 50 at% B were then remelted in a mo-Co-B alloys containing more than 50 at% B were then remelted in a mo-Co-B alloys containing more than 50 at% B were then remelted in a mo-Co-B alloys containing more than 50 at% B were then remelted in a mo-Co-B alloys containing more than 50 at% B were then remelted in a mo-Co-B alloys containing more than 50 at% B were then remelted in a mo-Co-B	
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analyses, the loses were indentified in the system of the W ₂ Cr ₂ l ² G ₆ type; and Five ternary phases were indentified in the system of the W ₂ Cr ₂ l ² G ₆ type; and with an undetermined a Mo ₂ Co ₂ l ² B ₆ compound (the \tau-phase) with a cubic lattice of the W ₂ Cr ₂ l ² G ₆ type; and with an undetermined a Mo ₂ Co ₂ l ² B ₆ compound (the \tau-phase) with a cubic lattice of the W ₂ Cr ₂ l ² G ₆ type; and with an undetermined a Mo ₂ Co ₂ l ² B ₆ compound characterized by the Mo NiB ₂ -type rhombic structure; x-phase with a composition close to that of MoCo ₄ B compound of MoB) with the more structure and Mo ₂ Co ₃ B ₆ compound characterized by the Mo NiB ₂ -type rhombic structure; x-phase with a composition close to that of MoCo ₄ B compound and with an undetermined a Mo ₂ Co ₃ B ₆ compound characterized by the Mo NiB ₂ -type rhombic structure; x-phase with a composition close to that of MoCo ₄ B compound and with an undetermined a Mo ₂ Co ₃ B ₆ compound characterized by the Mo NiB ₂ -type rhombic structure; x-phase with a composition close to that of MoCo ₄ B compound and with an undetermined a Mo ₂ Co ₃ B ₆ compound characterized by the Mo ₂ NiB ₂ -type rhombic structure; x-phase with a composition close to that of MoCo ₄ B compound and with an undetermined a Mo ₂ Co ₃ B ₆ compound characterized by the Mo ₂ NiB ₂ -type rhombic structure; x-phase with a composition close to that of MoCo ₄ B ₆ compound characterized by the Mo ₂ B ₆ compound characterized by the Mo ₂ B ₆	
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Five ternary phases a Mo ₂ Co ₂₁ B ₆ compound (the r-phase) with a cubic lateral and with an undetermine a Mo ₂ Co ₂₁ B ₆ compound close to that of MoCo ₄ B compound and with an undetermine x-phase with a composition close to that of MoCo ₄ B compound and with an undetermine x-phase with a composition close to that of MoCo ₄ B compound and with an undetermine x-phase with a composition close to that of MoCo ₄ B compound and with an undetermine x-phase with a composition close to that of MoCo ₄ B compound and with an undetermine x-phase with a composition close to that of MoCo ₄ B compound and with an undetermine x-phase with a composition close to that of MoCo ₄ B compound and with an undetermine x-phase with a composition close to that of MoCo ₄ B compound and with an undetermine x-phase with a composition close to that of MoCo ₄ B compound and with an undetermine x-phase with a composition close to that of MoCo ₄ B compound and with an undetermine x-phase with a composition close to that of MoCo ₄ B compound and with the structure; x-phase with a composition close to that of MoCo ₄ B compound and with an undetermine x-phase with a composition close to that of MoCo ₄ B compound and with an undetermine x-phase with a composition close to that of MoCo ₄ B compound and with an undetermine x-phase with a composition close to that of MoCo ₄ B compound and with a cubic with the structure; x-phase with a composition close to that of MoCo ₄ B compound and with the structure; x-phase with a composition close to that of MoCo ₄ B compound and with the structure; x-phase with a composition close to that of MoCo ₄ B compound and with the structure; x-phase with a composition close to that of MoCo ₄ B compound and with the structure; x-phase with a composition close to that of MoCo ₄ B composition close to the MoCo ₄ B composition clo	
CrB-type rhombic structure with UDC: 546.3-19-77-73-27	
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of the MoB phase; a MoCo ₂ B ₄ compound with a rhombic structure of the Ta ₃ B ₄ type. At the MoCo ₂ B ₄ composition, a ternary compound was identified which was in equilibrium with Mo ₂ B ₅ and CoB binary compounds and a (Mo ₁ Co)B ternary phase. Orig. art. has: 2 figures and 1 table. SUB CODE: 11/ SUBM DATE: 03Jan66. ORIG REF: 005/ OTH REF: 006/ ATD PRESS: 5108	•
SUB CODE: 11/ SUBM DATE: 03Jan66. ORIG REF: 005/ OTH REF: 006/ ATD PRESS: 5108	
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ACCESSION NR: AP4044906

S/0226/64/000/004/0015/0020

AUTHOR: Glady shevskiy, Ye. I., Lakh, V.I., Skolozdra, R.V., Stadny k, B.I.

TITLE: A study of the mutual solubility of disilicides of the transition metals belonging to groups IV, V, and VI

SOURCE: Poroshkovaya metallurgiya, no. 4, 1964, 15-20

TOPIC TAGS: silicide, disilicide, transition element, silicide solubility, solid solution, powder metallurgy

ABSTRACT: At the present time, the practical significance of the disilicides of the transition metals is constantly increasing, and great attention is being given to their investigation. The mutual solubility of the disilicides of transition metals belonging to groups IV, V, and VI has been investigated particularly thoroughly. Thus, of 36 possible binary systems, 20 were investigated earlier. The present authors have reduced the gap binary systems, 20 were investigated earlier. The present authors have reduced the gap still further by investigating the systems TiSi2 - CbSi2, VSi2 - CrSi2, VSi2 - WSi2, ZrSi2 - WSi2, CbSi2 - MoSi2, CbSi2 - TaSi2, and CbSi2-WSi2, omitting only the scarce distlicides of hafnium. Radiographic and micrographic methods, as well as microhardness measurements, were used. The specimens were prepared by fusion of Cord 1/4

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high purity metals (content of basic metal not less than 99.5%) with silicon (99.99%) in an electric arc furnace with a watercooled copper base, using non-consumable tungsten electrodes and a helium atmosphere, and were annealed at 800C for 1500 hours. Powdergraphs taken in cylindrical chambers (d=57.3 mm) under Cr-K radiation were used for radiographic phase analysis, and lattice constants were determined by the method of Preston in a chamber 86.4 mm in diameter. Samples were etched in mixtures of concentrated hydrofluoric and nitric acids. Microhardness was determined with a PMT-3 centrated nyuroituoric and nitric acids. Micronaroness was determined with a PMI-3 hardness meter having an accuracy of + 25 dan/mm² (1 dan/mm² = 1.02 kg/mm²). All the investigated sections Me^ISi₂ - Me^{II}Si₂ of the ternary systems Me^I - Me II-Si proved the investigated sections Me^ISi₂ - Me^{II}Si₂ of the ternary systems Me^I - Me II-Si proved to be pseudo-binary with limited or continuous solubility between the silicides. A summary of the results with regard to the mutual solubility of the disilicides is given in Fig. 1 of the Enclosure. Continuous series of solid solutions formed in two of the eight systems (VSi₂ - CrSi₂ and CbSi₂ - TaSi₂). Like the other series known, these were formed between isostructural disilicides of metals which are very close neighbors in the periodic system (elements of one group, Cb-Ta, or of one period, V-Cr). In the six remaining distlicide systems, limited solid solutions were formed, consisting of nonisostructural compounds. The greatest mutual solubility was exhibited by disilicides

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$$F = \frac{\gamma M e^{1} - \gamma M e^{11}}{\gamma M e^{1}} \cdot 100,$$
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for which the values $F = \frac{\gamma \text{Me}^{\text{I}} - \gamma \text{Me}^{\text{II}}}{\gamma \text{Me}^{\text{I}}} \cdot 100,$ were the smallest, where $\gamma \text{Me}^{\text{I}} < \gamma \text{Me}^{\text{II}} \text{ these were}$ $\text{TiSi}_2 - \text{NbSi}_2 \text{ (F=4.3\%)}, \text{ CbSi}_2 - \text{WSi}_2 \text{ (F=3.6\%)}, \text{ and VSi}_2 - \text{WSi}_2 \text{ (F=4.5\%)}.$ $TiSi_2$ —NbSi₂ (F = 0.7%);

With an increase in the F-value, the reciprocal solubility decreased sharply: ZrSi₂ - CbSi₂ (F = 10.3) and ZrSi₂ - WSi₂ (F = 14.3%).

"M.I. By chkova and S.A. Bakuta, as well as the students T.G. Fedoruk, A.A. Kulikova, L. A. Ly*senko, O. Ye. Slezko and G.I. Bova, participated in the investigations." Orig. art. has: I table and 7 figures...

ASSOCIATION: L'vovskiy gosuniversitet im. Iv. Franko (L'vov State University)

SUBMITTED: 02Jan63

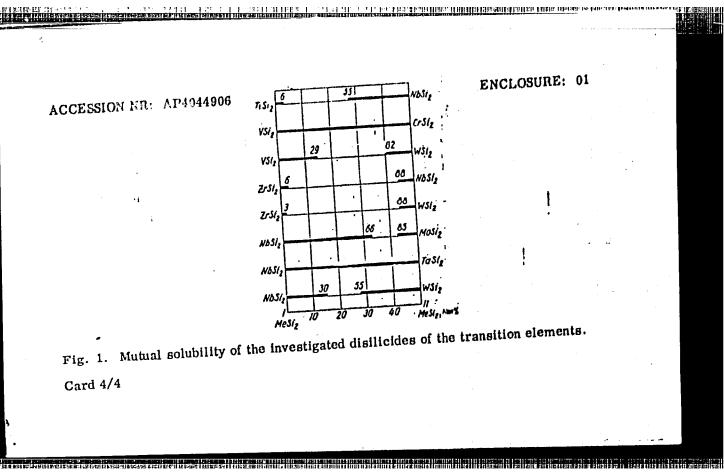
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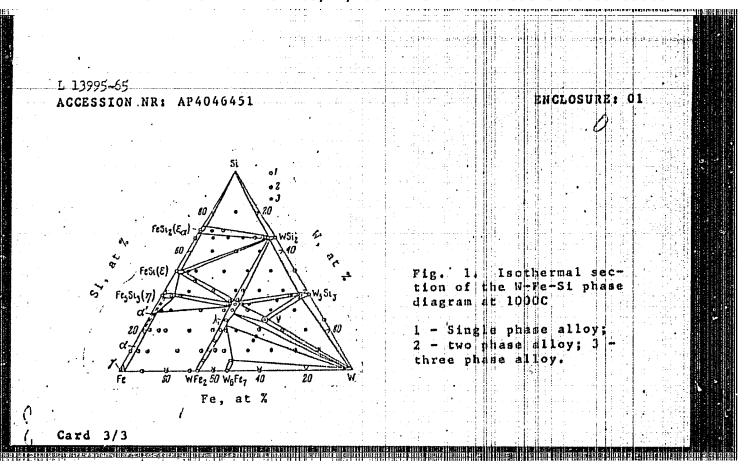


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	L 13995-65 EMP(e)/EMP(n)/EPF(n)-2/EPR/EMP(b) Ps-4/Pu-4 ASD(s)-5/ASD(f)-2/AFWL AT/WH/JD/JG ACCESSION NR: AP4046451 S/0078/64/005/010/2411/2415	
	AUTHOR: Glady*shevskiy, Ye. I.; Skolozdra, R. V.	
. :	TITLE: The W-Fa-Si system N N N N SOURCE: Zhurnal neorganicheskoy khimii, v. 9, no. 10, 1964, 2411-2415	
igionis Montro Montro	TOPIC TAGS: tungsten iron silicon system, tungsten iron silicon altion, tungsten iron silicon compound, tungsten silicon compound, iron	
	ABSTRACT: Eighty-five alloys of the tungsten-iron-sil con system were investigated in order to obtain a complete and accurate picture of the equilibria between the phases existing in the system. On the basis of obtained results, the isothermal (at 1000C) section of the basis of obtained results, the isothermal (at 1000C). The WFe ternary diagram was plotted (see Fig. 1 of the Enclosure). The WFe and WFeSi compounds, which have a hexagonal, MgZuy-type structure, and WFeSi compounds, which have a hexagonal (the limphase). Another form a continuous series of solid solutions (the limphase). It ternary compound, W2FeSi, is formed by a solid-state reaction. It ternary compound, W2FeSi, is formed by a solid-state reaction to has a crystal structure similar to that of g-phases. In addition to	
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	L 13995-65 ACCESSION NR: AP4046451	west and WSie binary compounds
	WFe ₂ , the W ₆ Fe ₇ , Fe ₅ Si ₃ , W ₅ Si ₃ , FeSi, were identified. In as-cast alloys compounds were not detected. Orig.	내는 기계 사람들은 그는 점심하는 그를 위한 경우를 되었다. 지원 사람들은 이 그런 이 함께 함께 다른 사람들이 되었다.
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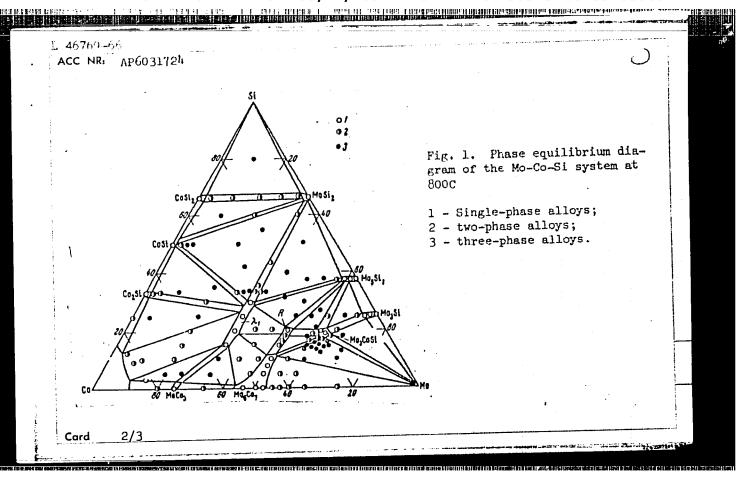
SKOLOZDRA, R.V., YARMOLYUK, Ya.P.; GLADYSHEVSKIY, Ye.T.

Congounds of the Rephase type in the systems Mo - Fe (Co, Ni) - Si (Ge).

Zhur. struk. khiz. 6 no.3:273-474 My-Je *65.

1. U'vovskiy gosudaratvennyy universitet imeni Iv. Franko.

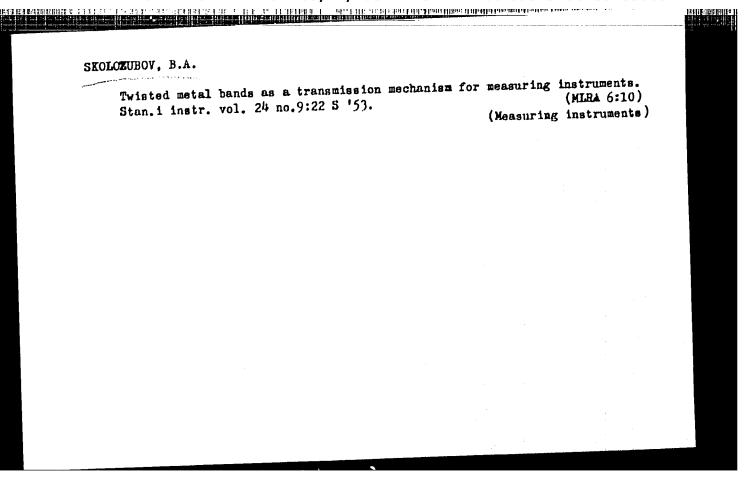
	L 46769-66 ENT(m)/I/EMP(t)/EII LUP(c) JD/HM/JG ACC NR: AP6031724 SOURCE CODE: UR/0370/66/000/005/0148/0151	
And the second	AUTHOR: Skolozdra, R. V. (L'vov); Gladyshevskiy, Ye. I. (L'vov); Yarmolyuk, Ya. P. (L'vov)	
S. C. Williams	ORG: none 17 17 17 TITLE: Ternary Mo-Co-Si system	
	SOURCE: AN SSSR. Izvestiya. Metally, no. 5, 1966, 148-151 **Cobalt Commining Alloy, Jalent Commining Alloy, Jalent Commining Alloy, Jalent Commining Alloy, Jalent Commining Alloy, alloy phase diagram, alloy phase composition, alloy structure, intermetallic compound, phase diagram, alloy phase composition, alloy structure, intermetallic compound, Ternary Alloy, Molycobrum Commining Alloy ABSTRACT: A study has been made of 120 alloys of the molybdenum-cobalt-silicon system Alloys were melted from 99.9%-pure molybdenum, 99.9%-pure cobalt, and 99.9%-pure alloys were melted from 99.9%-pure molybdenum, 99.9%-pure cobalt, and 99.9%-pure silicon. A phase equilibrium diagram of the system at 800C (see Fig. 1) was plotted on the basis of data obtained by physicochemical analysis. The existence of MoCoSi compound, with a homogeneity region extending from 15 to 30 at% silicon, was confirmed. Two previously unknown compounds, Mo ₅ Co ₃ Si ₂ (a = 11.06A, c = 19.89A) and Mo ₃ CoSi Two previously unknown compounds, Mo ₅ Co ₃ Si ₂ (a = 11.06A, c = 19.89A) and Mo ₃ CoSi (a = 12.70A, c = 4.85A), were found. The solubility of cobalt in MoSi was about 3 at%	
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and in M 12 at# a found to	lo ₅ Si3 a nd in M be ins	nd Mo ₃ Si, ab MoCo ₃ , less t ignificant.	oout 5 at%. han 5 at%. Orig. art	The solu The solu has: 2	bility bility figures	of molybde and 2 tab	num in	silicid	es was [TD]	
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L 06570-67 EAT(m)/EAT(t), ACC NR: AP6029820	/ETI IJF(c) JD/JG SOURCE CODE: UR/0363/66/002/008/1448/1453
AUTHOR: Skolozdra, R. V.;	Gladyshevskiy, Ye. I.
ORG: I. vov State Universit	ty im. I. Franko (L'vovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet)
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TITLE: The Mo-Fe-Si system	a. Neorganicheskiye materialy, v. 2, no. 8, 1966, 1448-1453
TOPIC TAGS: molybdenum, i	ron, silicon, phase diagram, phase composition, phase
analysis ABSTRACT: The phase diagr For various samples, the l The study involved 133 inc Si in an electric arc furn crystal structure was four other compounds Mo ₃ FeSi ar tablished. The previously solution based on MoFe ₂ s	of the tertiary system, Mo-Fe-Si, was studied at 800°C. Tattice parameters were determined by the x ray technique. The existence of the MoFe ₂ Si ₂ was confirmed and its nace. The existence of the MoFe ₂ Si ₂ was confirmed and its nad to belong to the rhombic system. The existence of two nd to belong to the (Mo _{0.17} Fe _{0.83}) ₅ Si ₃ -phase was also estend Mo ₅ Fe ₃ Si, and of the (Mo _{0.17} Fe _{0.83}) ₅ Si ₃ -phase was also estend to be a binary solid y reported compound Mo-Fe-Si was found to be a binary solid tabilized by silicon. The solubility of silicon in the tabilized by silicon. The solubility of Mo and Fe in the obe about 13.5 atom % and the solubility of the silicon on was found to be associated with the increased electron
	UDC: 546.77+546.72+546.28

ACC NR: AP602	9820							0
concentration w MoFe _{1.3} (Mo ₂ Fe ₃)	hen silicon . Orig. art	is being d	lissolved in figures and	such b	inary com e.	pounds	as MoFe ₂ or	י
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SKOL'SKAYA, N.O., assistent

Nervous system changes in children with rickets. Trudy OMI no.25: (MIRA 14:10)

1. Iz kafedry gospital'noy pediatrii Omskogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni Kalinina, zav. kafedroy prof. T.L.Mariupol'skaya.

(RICKETS) (NERVOUS SYSTEM--DISEASES)

(CHILDREN--DISEASES)

SYCLISTAYA, N. O., Cand Med Sci (diss) -- "Material on the state of the nervous system of children in cases of rickets (Clinical-experimental investigation)". Omsk, 1960. 17 pp (Cmsk State Med Inst im M. I. Kalinin), 200 copies (KL, No. 14, 1960, 130)

MARIUPOL'SKAYA, T.L., prof.; SKOL'SKAYA, N.O.

Use of prednisone in the compound treatment of toxic forms of pneumonia in infants. Vop. okh. mat. i det; 6 nq;7:14-18 Jl '61.

1. Iz kafedry gospital noy pediatrii (zav. - prof. T.L.Mariupol'skaya)

Omskogo meditalnskogo instituta.

(PRECHADIENETRIONE)

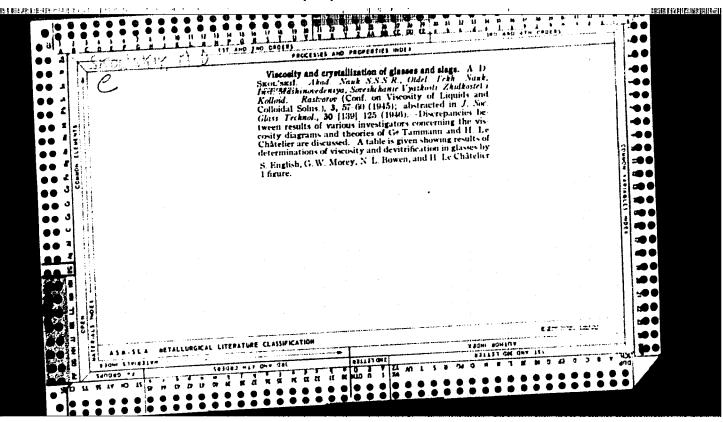
(PRECHADIENETRIONE)

MARIUPOL'SKAYA, T.L., prof.; SKOL'SKAYA, N.O., dotsent; KHASLAVSKAYA, I.N. vrach.

Results of prednisone and prednisolone treatment of rheumatic fever in children. Vop.okh.mat. i det. 8 no.2:49-54 F'63.

(MIRA 16:7)

1. Iz kafedry gospital'noy pediatrii (zav. - prof. T.L. Mariupol'skaya) Omskogo meditsinskogo instituta. (RMEUMATIC FLVER) (PREGNADIENETRIONE) (PREGNADIENEDIONE)



SKOL'SKIY, S.L.; MANTSUR, M.Ya.

Characteristics of the incidence of dermatomycosis and measures for their control in the Kharkov Province. Vest.derm.i ven. 35 no.3:60-63 Mr 161. (MIRA 14:4)

1. Iz Khar'kovskogo oblastnogo kozhno-venerologicheskogo dispansera (glavnyy vrach M.I. Lisin). (KHARKOV PROVINCE--DERMATOMYCOSIS)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001551030004-2"

5/068/63/000/001/004/004 E194/E155

AUTHOR:

Skol'skiy, V.M.

TITLE:

A contactless transistorized level-monitor for

materials in storage tanks

PERIODICAL: Koks i khimiya, no.1, 1963, 54-59

TEXT: This flameproof transistorized capacitive levelmonitor for liquids or friable materials in storage tanks or
similar containers is simple, reliable and suited to conditions
in the coke-chemicals industry. The supply unit generates
7.5 microsecond impulses of 200 V peak at a rate of 40 c/s. These
are applied to a bridge unit, wherein one arm includes the probe,
are applied to a bridge unit, wherein one arm includes the probe,
which is an insulated rod 8 mm in diameter and 142 mm long. Its
earth capacitance changes when it makes contact with the material
whose depth is being measured. A capacitance change of 1 - 2 pf
unbalances the bridge and operates a trigger circuit actuating a
relay which controls the level signal-lamp. A 250 ohms resistance
in series with the probe makes it intrinsically safe in the
flameproof sense. A prototype was tested in the laboratory and
Card 1/2

A contactless transistorized ...

S/068/63/000/001/004/004 E194/E155

in industrial service; it operates reliably with a nominal voltage of 220 V varying between 180 and 240 V over a temperature range of -40 to +40 °C. To avoid physical contact with the measured material, the rod probe may be replaced by a plate-probe of suitable size; a signal can then be obtained when the measured material is within 150 - 270 mm of the probe. There are 3 figures.

ASSOCIATION: GIPROKOKS

Card 2/2

Specificity of the agglutination of virus-coated bacteria
Specificity of the agglutination of virus-coated bacteria
in ontients with epeidemic headtitis. Trudy LSGMI 45:114-123
in ontients with epeidemic headtitis. T

NIFICANCE OF PATIENTS WITH ERODED FORMS OF EPIDEMIC HEPATITIS." LENINGRAD, 1961. (LENINGRAD STATE ORDER OF LENINGRAD FOR ADVANCED TRAINING OF PHYSICIANS IMENI S. M. KIROV). (KL-DV, 11-61, 230).

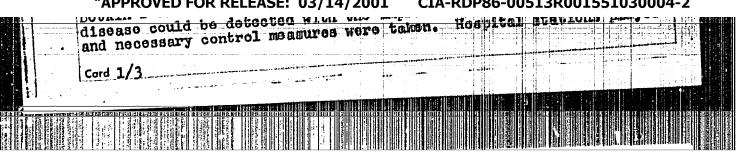
-283-

OSTROVSKIY, N.N., PRUZHANSKAYA, I.M., SKOLUBOVICH, G.V.

Improvement in teaching subjects on communicable diseases and epidemiology in medical institutes; concerning B.P. Uzhinova and V.M.Sukharayas article in Zhurnal mikrobiologii, epidemiologi; and immun biologii no.2, 1962, p.p. 128-129. Zhur. mikrobiol. epid. 1 immun. 33 no.10x126-127 0362 (MIRA 1724)

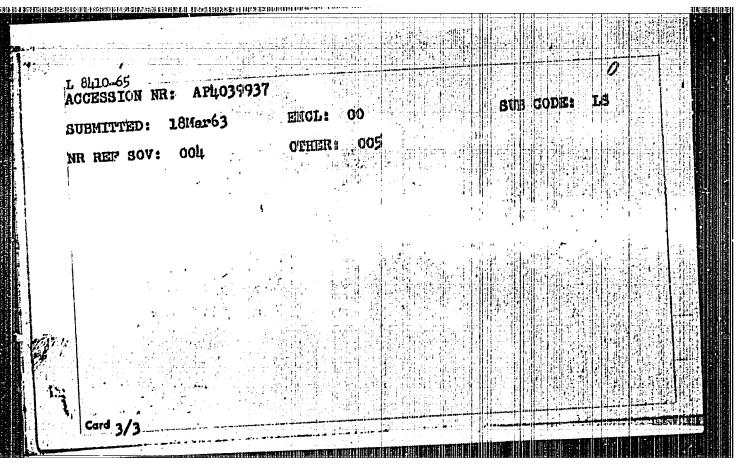
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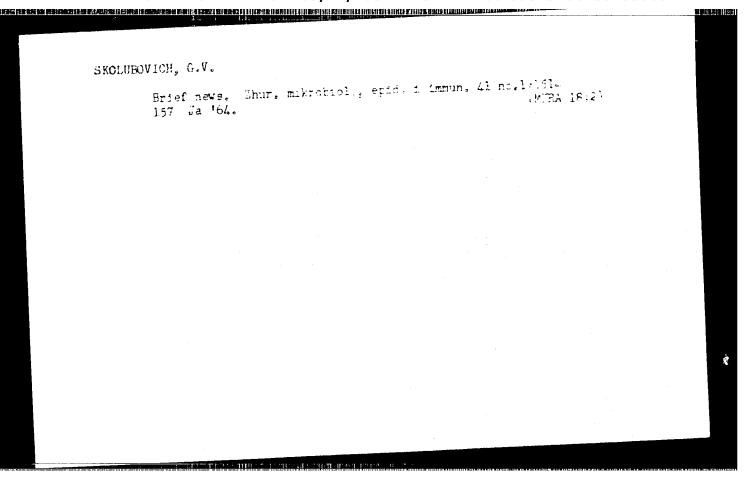
JK ENT(1)/ENA(b) 8/0016/64/000/005/0120/0125 Pa-li L 8410-65 ACCESSION NR: AP4039937 Skolubovich, G. V.; Presnyakova, K. P. The fight against epidemic hepatitis in Elagoveshchensk AUTHOR: SOURCE: Zhurnal mikrobiologii, epidemiologii i demunouiologii, ro. 5. 1964, 120-125 TOPIC TAGS: hepatitis (Botkin's disease), epidemic control, Blagoveshchensk, foci investigation method, gamma-globulin mass ABSTRACT: The present study analyzes epidemic hapatitis mortidity rates for Blagoveshchensk from 1953 to 1961 and also shalyzes the rates for Blagoveshchensk from 1953 to 1961 and also enalyzes of effectiveness of various control measures. The number of Botkin's effectiveness of various control measures. The number of Botkin's disease cases per 10,000 of population was 10.8% in 1953, increased to disease cases per 10,000 of population was 10.8% in 1953, increased is disease cases per 10,000 of population was 10.8% in 1953, increased is disease cases per 10,000 of population was 10.8% in 1953, increased is disease cases per 10,000 of population was 10.8% in 1953, increased is disease cases per 10,000 of population was 10.8% in 1953, increased is disease cases per 10,000 of population was 10.8% in 1953, increased is disease cases per 10,000 of population was 10.8% in 1953, increased is disease cases per 10,000 of population was 10.8% in 1953, increased is disease cases per 10,000 of population was 10.8% in 1953, increased is disease cases per 10,000 of population was 10.8% in 1953, increased is disease cases per 10,000 of population was 10.8% in 1953, increased is disease cases per 10,000 of population was 10.8% in 1953, increased is disease cases per 10,000 of population was 10.8% in 1953, increased is disease cases per 10,000 of population was 10.8% in 1953, increased is disease cases per 10,000 of population was 10.8% in 1953, increased is diseased to 20% in 1961. The sharp diseased is diseased to 20% in 1961. The sharp diseased is diseased to 20% in 1961. The sharp diseased is diseased to 20% in 1961. The sharp diseased to



ABSOCIATION: Amerikayo colordinyo meniturus opidamkolog obsekti a stentetya (Amerika) oblantiayo oblantinyo meniturus opidamkologi obsekti apidami oblantia oblantia

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L.5369-66 ACC NR: AP5026264 SOURCE CODE: UR/0240/65/000/008/0118/0118

AUTHOR: Skolubovich, G. V. (Blagoveshchensk-na-Amure)

ORG: None

TITLE: Work of the United Amur Branch of All-Russian Scientific Medical Societies of Hygienists, Sanitation Physicians, Epidemiologists, Microbiologists, and Infectionists in 1964

SOURCE: Gigiyena i sanitariya, no. 8, 1965, 118

TOPIC TAGS: medical conference, hygiene, sanitation, epidemiology, microbiology, infective disease

ABSTRACT: In 1964, the membership of the Society grew by 20 members. In June, a meeting was organized in Raychikhinsk, where a sanitary-hygienic evaluation of the city was made, measures taken against dysentery, salmonelloses, and colienteritides, Botkin's disease and diphtheria were analyzed, and the clinical treatment and prophylaxis of these diseases were evaluated. Individual reports by Docent V. P. Osipov, T. M. Popova, and Z. F. Shamal' are mentioned. Studies made by 19 members were published in the collection "Zdravookhraneniye Amurskoy oblasti," published in Blagoveshchensk. N. N. Ostrovskiy and S. Ye. Kvasov have defended, and N. Ya. Katyukhin, A. V. Isakov and Yu. S. Grishchenko are preparing to defend Candidate's dissertations. V. P. Osipov is working on a Doctoral dissertation. Activities in the field of education are also listed.

SUB CODE: LS, GO / SUBM DATE: none

09011382

SKOLUDA, E.

How to intensify the production of granulated superphosphate.

p. 22. (CHEMIK) (Warszaw, Poland) Vol. 10, No. 1, Jan. 1957

SO: Monthly Index of East European Accession (EEAI) IC Vol. No. 5, 1958

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001551030004-2 विकासकक्षेत्रकारिक्ताकृतिक विकास स्थापक के व्यवस्था के विकास कार्यक के अपने के किए के स्थापन के के किए के किए क

Skoluda, E.; Pawlety, R.; Dankiewicz, J.

Neutralization of excess free acid in granulated superphosphate by the use of ammonia. p. 101.

PRZEMYSL CHEMICZNY. (Ministerstwo Przemyslu Chemicznego i Stowarzyszenie Naukowo-Techniczne Inzynierow i Technikow Przemyslu Chemicznego) Warszawa, Poland. Vol. 38, no. 2, February, 1959.

Monthly list of East European Accessions (FEAI) LC, Vol. 8, no. 8, August, 1959.

Uncl.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001551030004-2"

CIA-RDP86-00513R001551030004-2 "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001 [1875年] [1876年] [1876年]

SKOLYAROV, N. F.

100-9-8/11

Sheyn, U.I. and Skolyarev, H.F., Engineers.

Pneumatic Delivery of Concrete during the Erection of the AUTHORS: TITLE:

Irkutsk Cement Factory (Primeneniye betononasosov na

stroitel'stve Irkutskogo tsementrogo zavoda)

Mekhanizatsiya Stroitel'stva, 1957, pp. 24 - 25 (USSR).

PERIODICAL: Concrete was delivered with the aid of a suction plant, designed by Engineers Sholyarov and Muftakhov. The advantage of this plant lies in the fact that it can be dismantled and ABSTRACT: transported easily. The C-252 suction mechanism is used. By using this plant, a 98% mechanisation of depositing concrete was achieved. The concrete aggregate was heated by a steam boiler (heated surfaces = 12.5 m²) which operates at 0.5 atm. boiler (heated surfaces, the working of concreting could proceed pressure. In this way, the working of concreting could proceed at 2000. When the concrete delivery plants were insulated pressure. In this way, the working of concreting could proced at -20°C; when the concrete-delivery plants were insulated, work could proceed even at -40°C. Two concrete-delivery plants C-252 laid 40 000 m of concrete during the winter of concrete during the winter of plants C-252 laid 40 000 m of concrete during the winter of concrete 1955/56. Better results were also achieved with the C-296 plant (capacity = 10 m2/hr) when used in conjunction with

Cardl/2 Capacity = 10 mm/nr) when used in conjunction with U-252. When the length of the duct = 240 mm this new plant can deliver 23 - 25 mm/hr; under certain conditions, the output can deliver 23 - 25 mm/hr. The following defects are pointed out:

100-9-8/11

Pneumatic Delivery of Concrete During the Erection of the Irkutsk Cement Factory

the rate of agitation should be increased (of the concrete mixer) and the transmission shaft should be strengthened. The vibrators 4-7 and 4-8 should be reconstructed so that large lumps cannot enter the suction duct. A separate washing device should be attached as the cleaning of the ducts carrying the should be attached as the cleaning of the ducts carrying the concrete is very troublesome. The suction plant KCM-50 is used concrete is very troublesome. The bunker-capacity should be for cleaning, at present. The bunker-capacity should be increased as it is insufficient and does not correspond to the capacity of the automatic loading machine FVIC-150.

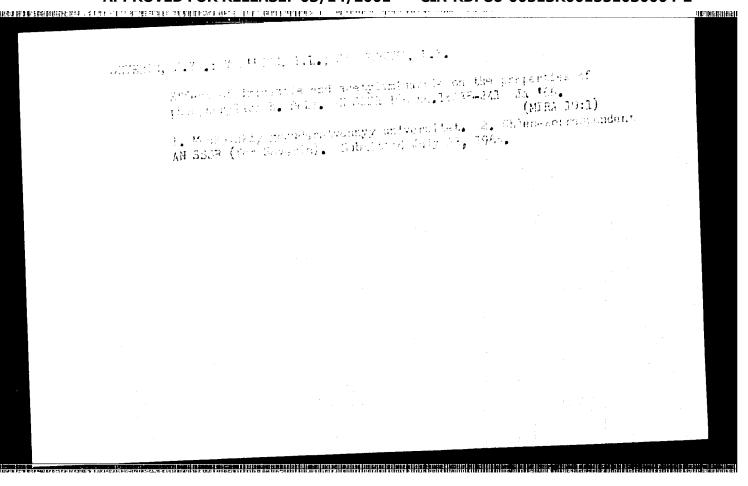
AVAILABLE: Library of Congress Card 2/2

1. Construction-Equipment 2. Concrete-Handling 3. Pneumatic conveyors-Applications 4. Concrete mixers-Applications

VUL'FSON, P.L.; SKOLYSHEVA, L.K.

Activity of muscular phosphorylase "b" under various conditions of periorystallization and storage. Vop. med. khim. 11 no.1:99-101 Ja-F '65.

l. Kafedra biokhimii zhivotnykh Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta.



SKOLYSZEWSKI, Jan

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Breast cancer in males. Nowotwory 12 nc.2:115-120 162.

1. Z Instytutu Onkologii Oddzial w Krakowie Dyrektor: doc. dr med. H. Kolodziejska.

(BREAST NEOPLASMS statist)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001551030004-2"

KOLODZILJSKA, Hanna; MARCZYNSKA, Antonina; SKOLYSZEWSKI, Jan

5..year purvival following adrenalectomy in a male patient with
advanced breast cancer. Nowotwory 12 no.2:147-152 162.

1. Z Instytutu Onkologii Oddzial w Krakowie Dyrektor: doc. dr med.

1. Kolodziejska.

(BREAST MEOPLASMS surg) (ADRENALECTOMY)

SKOLYSZEWSKI, Jan

Results of the treatment of laryngeal cancer at the Institute of Oncology in Krakow. Nowotwory 13 no.1:53-59 '63.

1. Z Instytutu Onkologii Oddzial w Krakowie Dyrektor: doc. dr med. H. Kolodziejska.

(LARYNGEAL NEOPLASMS) (LARYNGECTOMY)

(LARYNGEAL NEOPLASMS) (LARYNGECTOMY)
(NEOPLASM THERAPY) (NEOPLASM STATISTICS)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001551030004-2"

SKOLYSZEWSKI, Jan

Further analysis of the results of the treatment of laryngeal cancer at the Institute of Oncology in Krakow. Nowotwory 13 no.4:335-339 O-D'63.

1. Z Instytutu Onkologii w Krakowie; dyrektor: prof.dr.med. H.Kolodziejska.

*

KOLODZIFICNA, Nanna; KUJAWSKA, Janina; SKOLYSZEWSKI, Jan; SZYMCZYK, Wislawa Hation therapy of cervical lymph node metastases. No otrory 14 no.1:13-18 Ja-Mr 164.

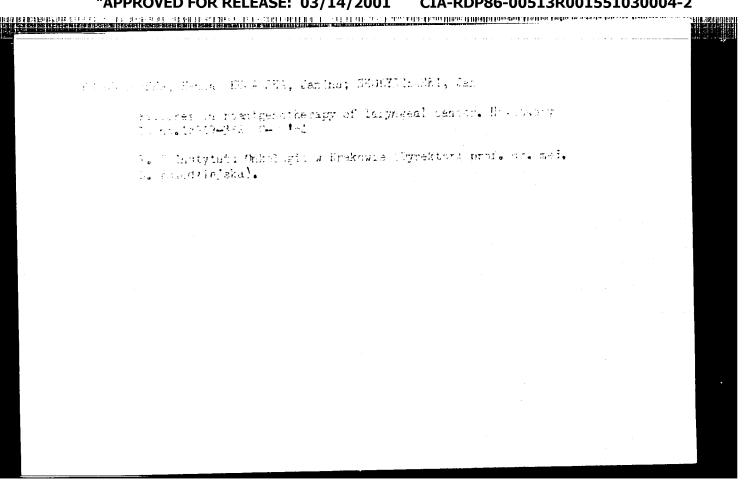
1. Z Instytutu Onkologii w Krakowie (Dyrektor: prof. dr med. H. Kolodziejska).

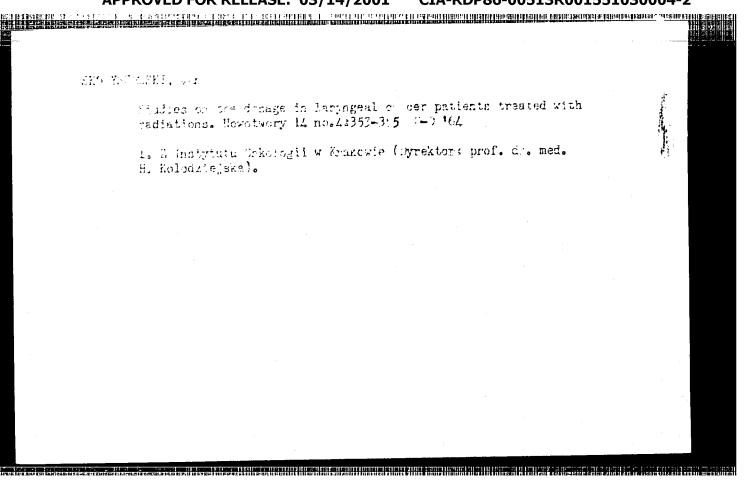
EUJANSKA, Janine; S.YMTZIK, Sisiawa; DKOLYSZEMCKI, Jan; KOPERA, Lygmunt

A technic for rotation communentherapy of esophageal names
in the Krakow Enstitute of Choology. Novotwory 14 no.32206-303
Ag-3 164

1. Z Instylato Onkologii w Krakow e (Dyrektors prof. dr. med.
H. Kolodziejska).

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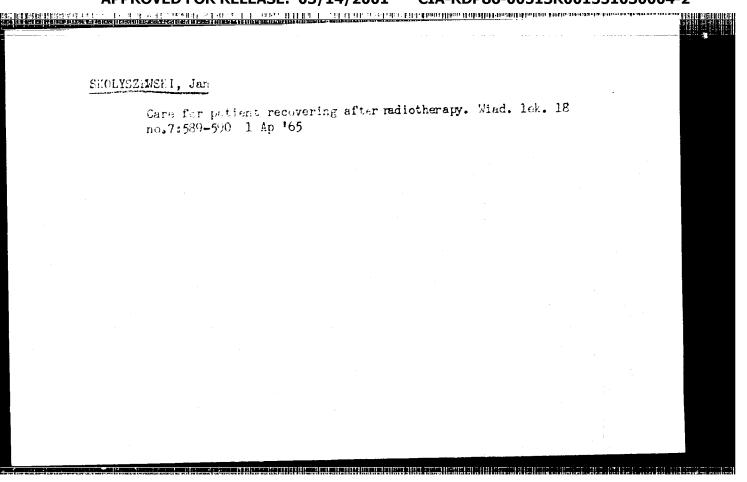


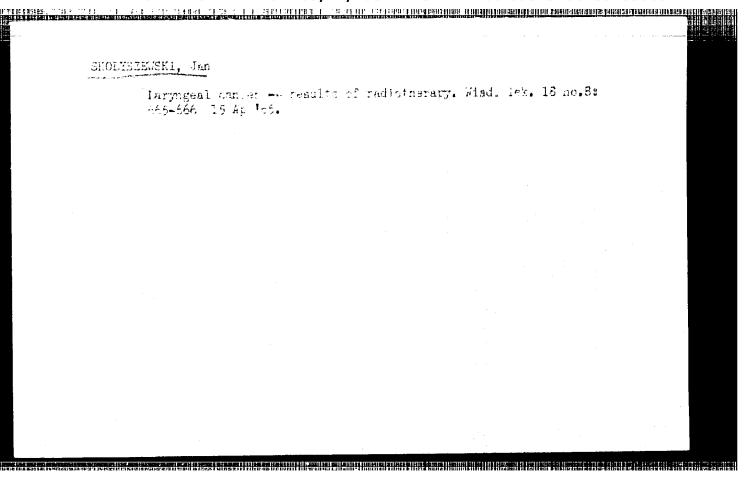
KOLODZIEJSKA, Herna; SKOLYSZEWSKI, Jen; KUJAWSKA, Jenina

Results of the irradiation of laryngeal cancer in the Cracov Institute of Choology. Otolaryng. Pol. 18 no.4:455-458 '64

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1. Z Instytutu Onkologii, Oddział w Krakowie (Dyrektor: prof. dr. med. H. Kolodziejska).





SKOLYSTEWSKI, Jan

Postoperative irradiation of patients after radical laryngectomy.

Ctolaryng. Pol. 19 no.3:297-300 '65.

1. Z Instytutu Chkologii, Cddział w Krakowie (Dyrektor: prof. dr. med. H. Kolodziejska).

CZEPKO, Anna; SKOLYSZEWSKI, Jan

Evaluation of conventional roentgenotherapy in cancer of the paranasal sinuses. Nowotwory 15 no.3:265-269 J1-3 '65.

1. Z Instytutu Onkologii w Krakowie (Dyrektor: prof. dr. med. H. Kolodziejska).

SKOL'ZANEV, V. A.: Doc Agric Sci (diss) -- "The mechanized cultivation of forest-protective strips on Cis-Caucasian chernozens, and agrotechnical principles of the working parts of a forest source and a forest-planting muchine". Moscow, 1939. 32 pp (Moscow Order of Lomin Agric Acad in K. A. Timinyazev), 110 copies (KL, No. 18, 1959, 126)

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SKOL'ZAYEVA, M.A.

USSR/Cultivated Plants - General Problems.

M-l

Abs Jour

: Ref Zhur - Biol., No 20, 1958, 91584

Author

: Skol'zayeva, M.A.

Inst

: Azovo-Chernomorsk Institute for Mechanized Agriculture.

Title

: The Influence of Soil Turning on Plant Growth and Develop-

ment.

Orig Pub

: Sb. nauchno-tekhn. rabot. Azovo-Chernomorsk. in-t mekhaniz.

s.-kh., 1957, vyp. 10, 187-193.

Abstract

: Turning the soil before sowing (1952 - 1956 experiments) increased the yield of spring wheat, barley and out by 10 - 145 (1.5 - 2 centner/hectare) millet by 16 - 20% (2.5 -3.5 c/h), Sudan grass (green mass) by 30% (33 c/h). The turning increases field germination of the seeds by creating more favorable water, temperature and nutrition conditions of the soil. Turning results in more even and fuller

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MERTANDO BOCK BILLIMINEN DARRO SEUL PERILIDER FARITARIO DE ÉSA DESERVIDA DE ENGLISA DARROS DE FRANCISCO DE LA C

ore L'ZAY.Ma, Y.A., C and Agr Sci-(ding) "nothing as an erotal in Restorated to the state of the

VLASYUK, Petr Antipovich, akademik; KOSMATYY, Yevdokim Stepanovich, kand.khim.nauk; DMITRENKO, P.A., otv.red.; SKCL'ZNEVA, Ye.A., red.; MANOYLO, Z.T., khudozh.-tekhn.red.

[Tagged atom method in agricultural physiology] Metod mechenykh atomov v agrofiziologii. Kiev, Izd-vo Ukrainskoi akad.sel'khoz. nauk, 1959. 326 p. (MIRA 13:5)

1. Vsesoyuznaya akademiya sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk imeni V.I. Lenina; AN USSR; Ukrainskaya Akademiya sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk (for Vlasyuk). 2. Chlen-korrespondent Ukrainskoy akademii sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk (for Dmitrenko).

(Tracers (Biology)) (Plant physiology-Research)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001551030004-2"

GOROSENTKOU, B.I.; BERURT, V.S.; LERGLEW, G.V.; LARGHERLEW, Ye.Ya.; SECHEROVIKAYA, L.A.; CHA.BERA, A.I.; CHGHURLEWA, L.A.; YURK, Yu.'u.; doktor geol.-miner. nauk, prof.; YU. YEV, L.D.; SERBYUK, C.F., red.

[Granitoid rocks in the Abov Sea region and prospects for using them in the ceramic and glass industries] Granitoid-nye porody Priamov'ia i pertroku'vy ikh ispel'zovaniia v keramicheskom i stekol'nom proizvodstvakh. Fod red. Iu.Iu. Iurka. Kiev, Haukova dunka, 1964. 142 p. (HILA 17:9)

1. Akademiya nauk URCR. Kiev. Instytut mineral nykh resursiv.

HERTZBERG, E.I.; SKOMAROVSKAYA, R.L.

Medifications of the skeletal muscular system in rheunatism. Arkh.

pat., Moskva 12 no.2:18-23 Mar-Apr 50. (CLML 19:4)

pat., Moskva 12 no.2:18-23 Mar-Apr 50.

1. Of the Pathologo-Anatomical Department, Basman Hospital (Head-Prof. Ye.Ya.Gertsenberg; Head Physician -- N.S.Shevyakov) Moscow.

SK MINAS, V. Yu.; MATULIS, Yu.Yu. [Matulis, J.]

Preparation of electrolytic iron-chromium olloys and their corrosive behavior in sulfuria sold solutions with different pH values. Trudy AN lit. SER. Ser. B. no.1273-86 (MIRA 17:7)

1. Institut khimil i khimicheshoy tekhnologii AF litovskog (28.

SKOMINAS, V.Yu.; MATULIS, Yu.Yu. [Matulis, J.]

Stationary potentials of the corrosion of iron, chromium, and some of their alloys in sulfuric acid solutions not containing oxygen. Liet ak darbai B no.4:99-116 '61.

1. Institut khimii i khimicheskoy tekhnologii AN Litovskoy SSR.

ACCESSION NR: AP4031108

\$/0236/64/000/001/0073/0086

AUTHOR: Skominas, V. Yu.; Matulis, Yu. Yu.

TITLE: Preparation of electrolytic iron-chromium alloys and their corrosion behavior in sulfate solutions of varying pli

FERSES ASSESSMENT OF THE ASSES

SOURCE: AN LitSSR. Trudy*. Seriya B, no. 1, 1964, 73-86

TOPIC TAGS: ferrochromium electrolytic alloy, ferrochromium sulfate corrosion, ferrochromium alloy, alloy corrosion behavior

ABSTRACT: Because of the known fact that electrolytic metals react more actively in corrosive solutions than the corresponding thermal alloys, the authors undertook a study of this problem. In their previous study (Trudy* AH Litovskoy SSR, B4(27), 99, 1961), they ascertained that stationary corrosion potentials of such alloys are a linear function of pH in acid sulfate solutions, but they become independent of pH when neutrality point is reached. It was also found that, with changing composition of the alloys, their stationary coefficient of corrosion in sulfate solutions moves through a well expressed minimum; this minimum, or the least negative potential, characterizes alloys containing 15 to 17% Cr. The

Card 1/2

ACCESSION NR: AP4031108

present experiments showed that alloys with a constant composition containing approx. 18% Cr can be deposited only from solutions having a certain proportion of the green chromium sulfate salt whose ions have the following composition $(\operatorname{Cr}_2(\operatorname{H}_20)_{10}\operatorname{SO}_4)^{4f}$. No deposition of metal takes place from electrolytes containing the violet $\operatorname{Cr}_2(\operatorname{SO}_4)_3$ salt. When a greater number of SO_4^{-2} enters into the ion complex of the green salt, percentage and current yield of chromium markedly in potassium sulfate solutions than thermal alloys of the same composition. The difference in potentials is considerably higher in acidified solutions. A colloithe composition of the electrolytic alloy. Orig art. has: 3 figures, 3 formulas,

ASSOCIATION: Institut Khimii i khimicheskoy tekhnologii AN Litovskoy SSR (Institute of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, AN Lithuanian SSR)

SUEMITTED: 25May63

DATE ACQ: 29Apr64

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APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001551030004-2"

GRABOVSKIY, V.A., kand.tekhn.nauk; IOFFINA, E.M., starshiy inzh.;
NOVIKOVA, A.I., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; SKOMKANOVA, V.M.,
mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik

Intensification of the clarification of sulfite liquors in the causticizing shops of sulfate pulp factories. Trudy LTITSBP no.11:73-82 '62. (MIRA 16:10)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001551030004-2"

GEOMEONISKI, Stafan; Skorkenona, Irena; Giudvak, Berbura; Shikujak, Genayna.

Heaults of the treatment of cervital concer equiving the regional omological center in Boznan in 16 delet . Nowtwory 14 no.4:397-399 u-D.164

1. Z Wojewedekiego Osrodka Onkologicznego w Foznar in Osrokies dr. med. S. Skowronski).

SKOMOROKHA, V.N., inzh.; OKHTEMENKO, L.V., inzh.

Machanized-part painting shop. Mashinostroenie no.3:73-74 My-Je 163. (MIRA 16:7)

1. Sumskiy zavod elektronnykh mikroskopov i elektroavtomatiki.
(Paint shops)

SKOMOROKHOV, A., inzhener.

Repair and prolongation of servide of suction tubes. Muk.-elev. prom. 20 no.2:22-23 F '54. (MLRA 7:7)

1. Shcherbakovskiy elevator.
(Pneumatic-tube transportation--Repairing)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001551030004-2"

RELEIDING RESPONDENCE DE LE CONTROL DE LE CO SKOMOROKHOV, A. We prolonged the service of conveyer belts. Muk.-elev.prom.20 (MLRA 7:7) no.5:25-26 My 154. 1. Glavnyy mekhanik Shcherbakovskogo elevatora. (Conveying machinery)

SKOMOROKHOV, A., kapitan

Committees to work with the public. Komm. Vooruzh. Sil 3 no.2:67-68 Ja *63. (MIRA 16:2)

SKURGROKHOV A.A., retsenzent; STOLYAR, O.M., nauchnyy redaktor; ARKHANGELI-SKIY, S.S., redaktor; HEDVEDEV, L.Ya., tekhnicheskiy redaktor

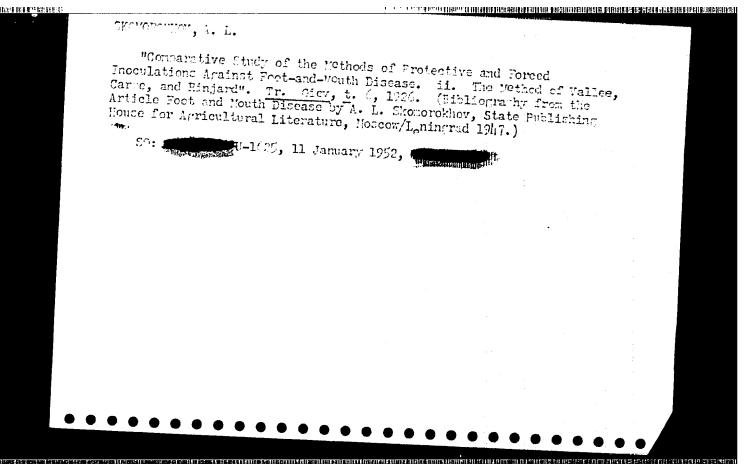
[Magual on dyeing and finishing woolen materials] Sprayochnik pokrasheniiu i otdelke sherstionykh thanei. Moskve, Gos.nauchnotekhn.izd-ve H-va legkei oromychl.SSSR. 1957. 503 p. (Mika 10:10)

1. Moscow. TSentral'nyy nauchac-isaledevatel'skiy institut sheratyanoy promyshlennosti (Woolen and worsten manufacture) (Dyes and dyeing--Wool)

SOBOLEV, G.P., kand, tekhn. nauk; SKMCRCKHCV, A.A., inzh.

Device for the manufacture of feeler mechanisms. Stek. i ker.
22 no.4:43-44 Ap 165. (MIRA 18:5)

- 1. Khar kovskiy politekhnicheskiy institut (for Sobolev).
- 2. Khar'kovskiy plitochnyy zaved (for Skomerckhov).



SKOMOROKHOV, ...l.

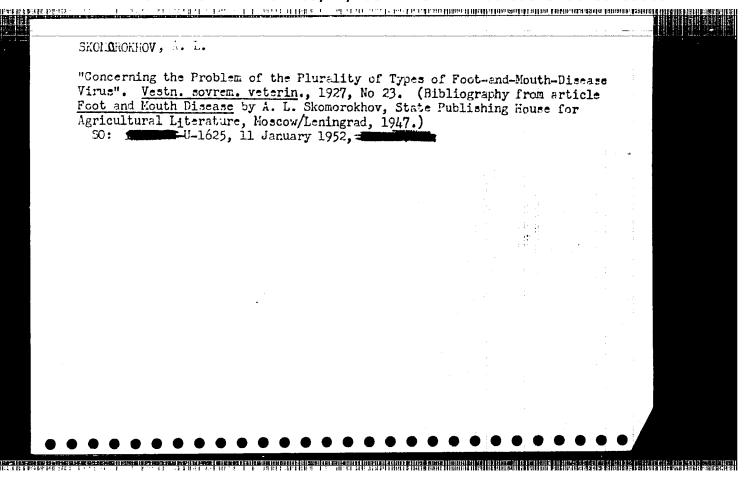
"Obtaining Antifoot-and-Mouth-Disease Serum and Its Practical Importance".

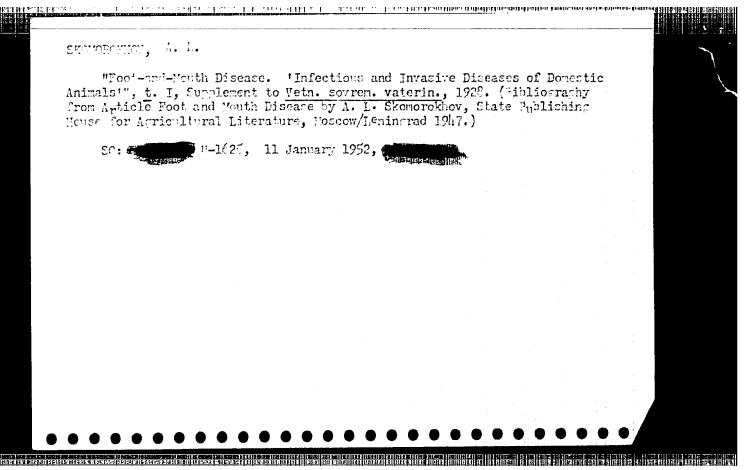
Vestn. Sovrem. veterin., 1927, No 23, Tr. Gley, to 5, 1928. (Bibliography from Article Foot and Youth Disease by A. L. Skomorokhov, State Publishing House for Agricultural Literature, Moscow/Leningrad 1947.)

SO: U-1625, 11 January 1952

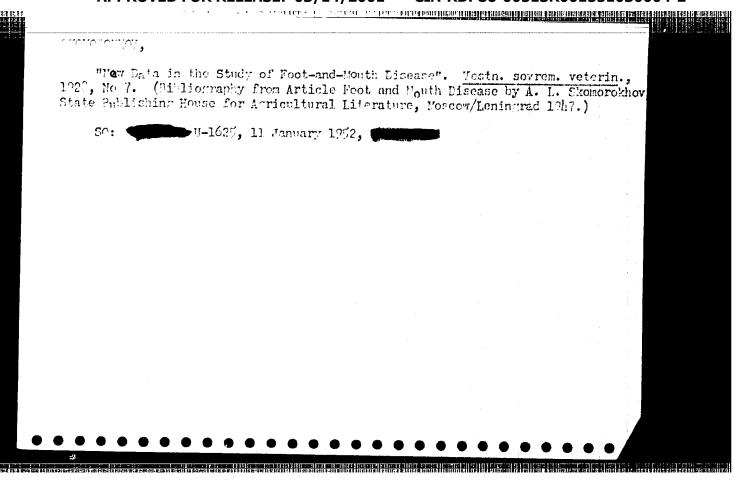
"Comparative study of methods of Protective and Forced Inoculations against Foot and Mouth Disease, and 1. the Method of Dedulin Market States of About 1988.

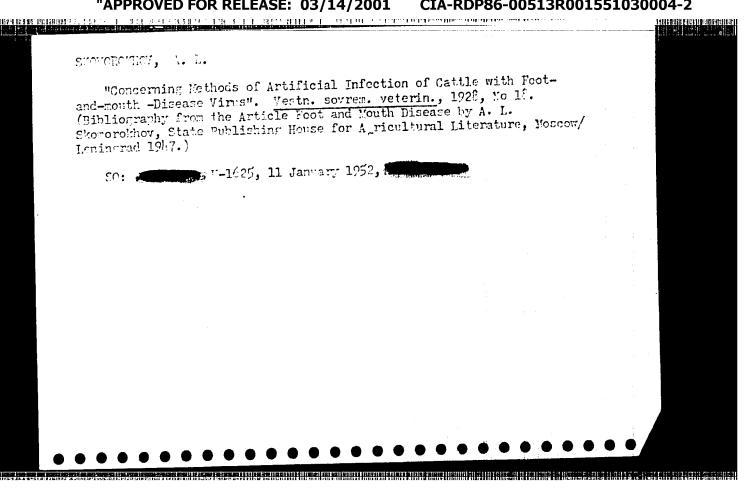
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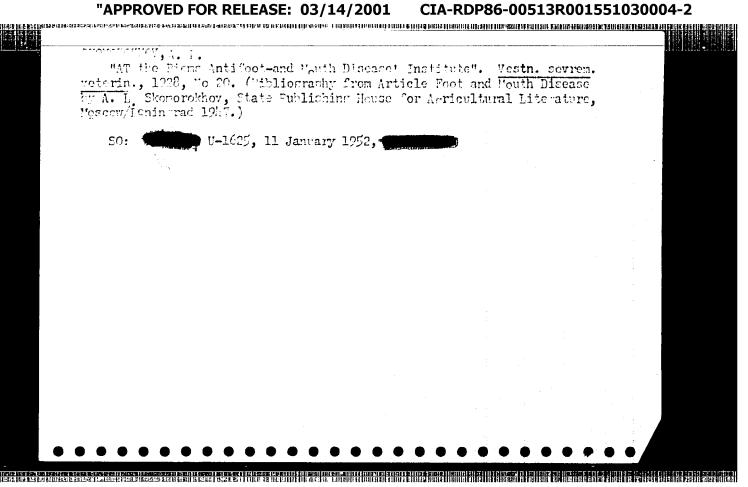


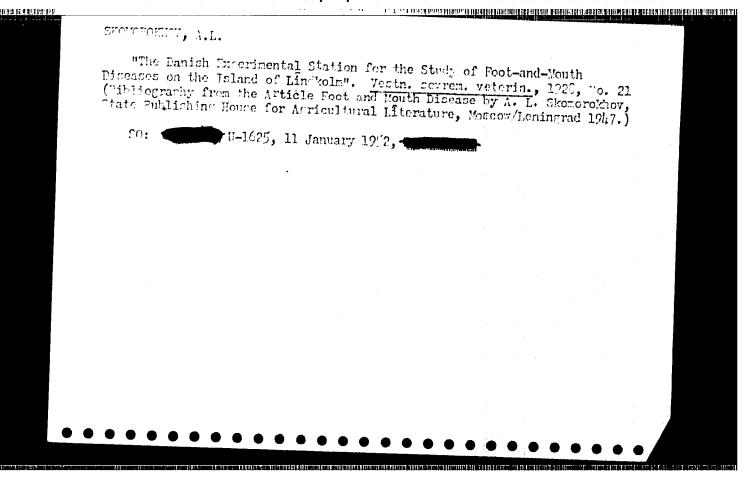
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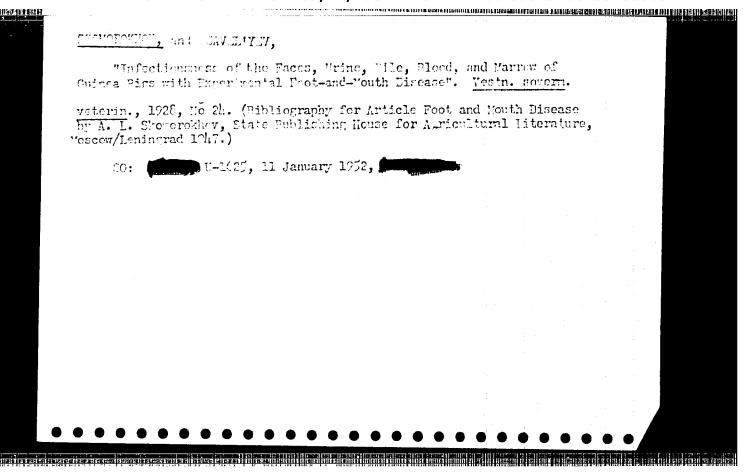


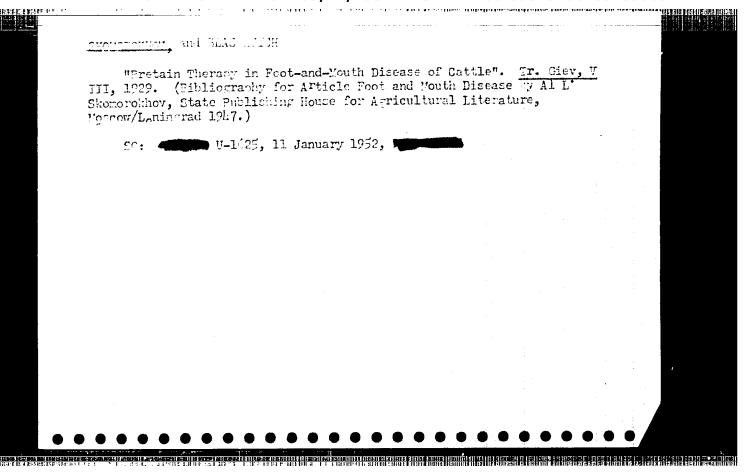


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